# GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU COMMERCIAL TAXES DEPARTMENT

# OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF STATE TAX EZHILAGAM, CHENNAI-600 005

#### PRESENT: DR. T.V. SOMANATHAN, I.A.S., COMMISSIONER OF STATE TAX

#### Circular No. 68/2019-TNGST

Dated:26.04.2019

(RC No.26/2019/A1/Taxation)

Sub:	Clarification in respect of utilization of input tax credit under GST – Reg.			
Ref:	Circular No. 98/17/2019-GST Dated the 23 <sup>rd</sup> April 2019 issued by Government of India Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue .Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs, GST Policy Wing.			

Section 49 was amended and Section 49A and Section 49B were inserted vide Tamil Nadu Goods and Services Tax (Amendment) Act, 2019 [hereinafter referred to as the TNGST (Amendment) Act]. The amended provisions came into effect from 1<sup>st</sup> February 2019.

2. Various representations have been received from the trade and industry regarding challenges being faced by taxpayers due to bringing into force of section 49A of the Tamil Nadu Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the TNGST Act). The issue has arisen on account of order of utilization of input tax credit of integrated tax in a particular order, resulting in accumulation of input tax credit for one kind of tax (say State tax) in electronic credit ledger and discharge of liability for the other kind of tax (say Central tax) through electronic cash ledger in certain scenarios. Accordingly, rule 88A was inserted in the Tamil Nadu Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the TNGST Rules) in exercise of the powers under Section 49B of the TNGST Act vide notification issued in G.O.Ms.No.50, CT and Registration (B1) Department, dated 29-3- 2019. In order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law, the Commissioner, in

exercise of its powers conferred by section 168 of the TNGST Act, hereby clarifies the issues raised as below.

- 3. The newly inserted Section 49A of the TNGST Act provides that the input tax credit of Integrated tax has to be utilized completely before input tax credit of Central tax / State tax can be utilized for discharge of any tax liability. Further, as per the provisions of section 49 of the TNGST Act, credit of Integrated tax has to be utilized first for payment of Integrated tax, then Central tax and then State tax in that order mandatorily. This led to a situation, in certain cases, where a taxpayer has to discharge his tax liability on account of one type of tax (say State tax) through electronic cash ledger, while the input tax credit on account of other type of tax (say Central tax) remains un-utilized in electronic credit ledger.
- 4. The newly inserted rule 88A in the TNGST Rules allows utilization of input tax credit of Integrated tax towards the payment of Central tax and State tax, or as the case may be, Union territory tax, in any order subject to the condition that the entire input tax credit on account of Integrated tax is completely exhausted first before the input tax credit on account of Central tax or State / Union territory tax can be utilized. It is clarified that after the insertion of the said rule, the order of utilization of input tax credit will be as per the order (of numerals) given below:

Input tax Credit on account of	Output liability on account of Integrated tax	Output liability on account of Central tax	Output liability on account of State tax <del>/ Union</del> <del>Territory tax</del>	
Integrated tax	(I)	(II) – In any order and in any proportion		
(III) Input tax Credit	on account of Integ	rated tax to be com	pletely exhausted mandatorily	
Central tax	(V)	(IV)	Not permitted	
State tax / Union Territory tax	(VII)	Not permitted	(VI)	

5. The following illustration would further amplify the impact of newly inserted rule 88A of the TNGST Rules:

### Illustration:

## Amount of Input tax Credit available and output liability under different tax heads

Head	Output Liability	Input tax Credit
Integrated tax	1000	1300
Central tax	300	200
State tax / Union Territory tax	300	200
Total	1600	1700

### Option 1:

Input tax	Discharge of	Discharge of	Discharge of output	Balance of
Credit on	output liability	output liability	liability on account	Input Tax
account of	on account of	on account of	of State tax / Union	Credit
	Integrated tax	Central tax	Territory tax	
Integrated tax	1000	200	100	0
Input tax Credit	on account of Inte	grated tax has beer	n completely exhausted	· A
Central tax	0	100	, *	100
C	0			
State tax / Union territory tax	0	-	200	0

### Option 2:

Input tax Credit on account of	Discharge of output liability on account of Integrated tax	Discharge of output liability on account of Central tax	Discharge of output liability on account of State tax / Union Territory tax	Balance of Input Tax Credit
Integrated tax	1000	100	200	0
Input tax Credit	on account of Inte	grated tax has beer	completely exhausted	
Central tax	0	200	=	0

State tax /	0	=	100	100
Union territory tax				
Total	1000	300	300	100

6. Presently, the common portal supports the order of utilization of input tax credit in accordance with the provisions before implementation of the provisions of the TNGST (Amendment) Act i.e. pre-insertion of Section 49A and Section 49B of the TNGST Act. Therefore, till the new order of utilization as per newly inserted Rule 88A of the TNGST Rules is implemented on the common portal, taxpayers may continue to utilize their input tax credit as per the functionality available on the common portal.

Sd/-T.V.Somanathan Commissioner of State Tax

To

All the Joint Commissioners (ST) Territorial and Enforcement in the State.

Copy to: (1) Principal Secretary to CT& Regn. Department.

- (2) All Additional Commissioners of State Tax in the Commissionerate.
- (3) Joint Commissioner (CS) for hosting in Departmental site.
- (4) Joint Commissioner (BIU) & MOU.
- (5) Director/ CTS Training Institute, Chennai 6
- (6) All Deputy Commissioners (ST) in the State.
- (7) All Assistant Commissioners (ST) in the State.

// Forwarded by order//

Assistant Commissioner (Taxation)